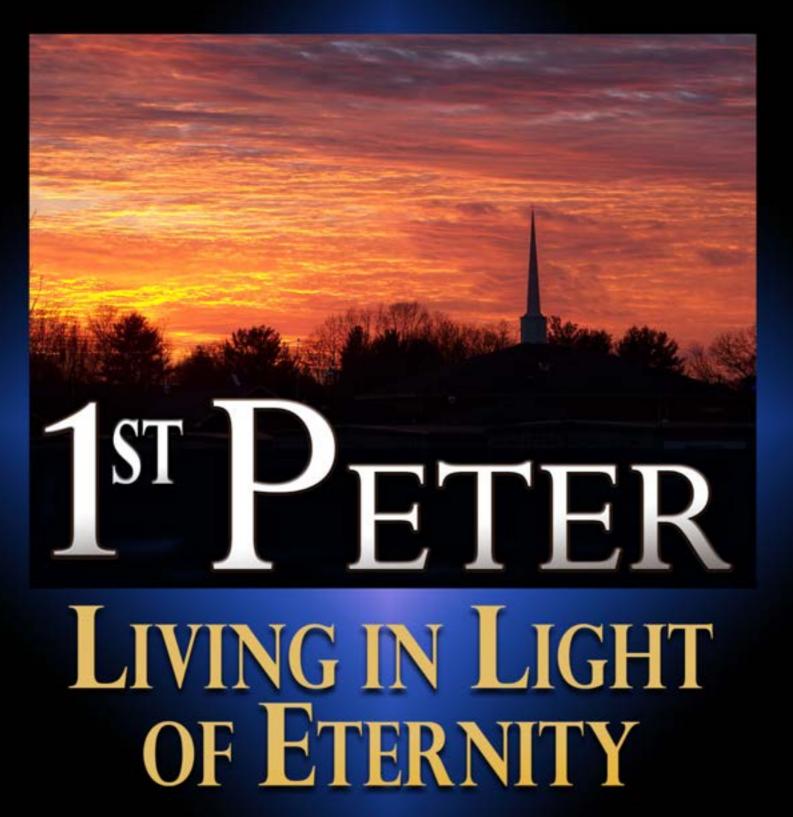
1 Peter Series Lesson #071 November 10, 2016

Dean Bible Ministries www.deanbibleministries.org Dr. Robert L. Dean, Jr.

## EQUALITY AND SUBORDINATION 1 PETER 2:18–23



## **The Believer's Responsibility**

<u>1 Pet. 2:13,</u> "Therefore <u>submit</u> yourselves to every ordinance of man for the Lord's sake, whether to the king as supreme,"

> ὑποτάσσω hupotassō pres mid impera 3 sing "to subject; to submit"

## THE SIN NATURE

Area of Strength HUMAN GOOD Morality, not spirituality

## LUST TREND TREND PATTERN Licentiousness, Asceticism, Lasciviousness, Legalism Antinomianism Immoral Moral PERSONAL SINS Degeneracy Degeneracy Area Irrational, **Ordered**, Rational Weakness **Mysticism**

<u>1 Pet. 2:18,</u> "Servants, be <u>submissive</u> to your masters with all <u>fear</u>, not only to the good and gentle, but also to the harsh."

oἰκέτης *oiketēs* nom masc plur "house slave"

φόβος *phobos* dat masc sing "fear, terror; respect, obey" ὑποτάσσω hupotassō pres mid part masc plur nom, i.e., submit yourselves imperatival participle "to subject; to submit" <u>Prov. 1:7</u>, "The fear of the LORD is the beginning of knowledge, but fools despise wisdom and instruction."

Prov. 1:29, "Because they hated knowledge and did not choose the fear of the LORD,"

<u>Titus 2:9,</u> "Exhort bondservants to be obedient to their own masters, to be well pleasing in all things, not answering back,"

<u>Titus 3:1</u>, "Remind them to be subject to rulers and authorities, to obey, to be ready for every good work," Eph. 6:5, "Bondservants, be obedient to those who are your masters according to the flesh, with fear and trembling, in sincerity of heart, as to Christ;

Eph. 6:6, "not with eyeservice, as menpleasers, but as bondservants of Christ, doing the will of God from the heart,

Eph. 6:7, "with goodwill doing service, as to the Lord, and not to men,

Eph. 6:8, "knowing that whatever good anyone does, he will receive the same from the Lord, whether he is a slave or free." Eph. 6:9, "And you, masters, do the same things to them, giving up threatening, knowing that your own Master also is in heaven, and there is no partiality with Him." <u>1 Pet. 2:19</u>, "For this is <u>commendable</u> [grace], if because of conscience toward God one endures grief, suffering wrongfully (*adikos-unjustly*)."

χάρις *charis* nom fem sing grace, favor; grace orientation <u>1 Pet. 2:20</u>, "For what credit is it if, when you are beaten for your faults, you take it patiently? But when you do good and suffer, if you take it <u>patiently</u>, this is <u>commendable</u> before God."

ὑπομένω hupomenō fut act indic 2 plur to endure, remain, wait upon

χάρις *charis* nom fem sing grace, favor; grace orientation <u>1 Pet. 2:21</u>, "For to this you were called, because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that you should follow His steps:

<u>1 Pet. 2:22,</u> "Who committed no sin, nor was deceit found in His mouth";

<u>1 Pet. 2:21</u>, "For to this you were called, because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that you should follow His steps:

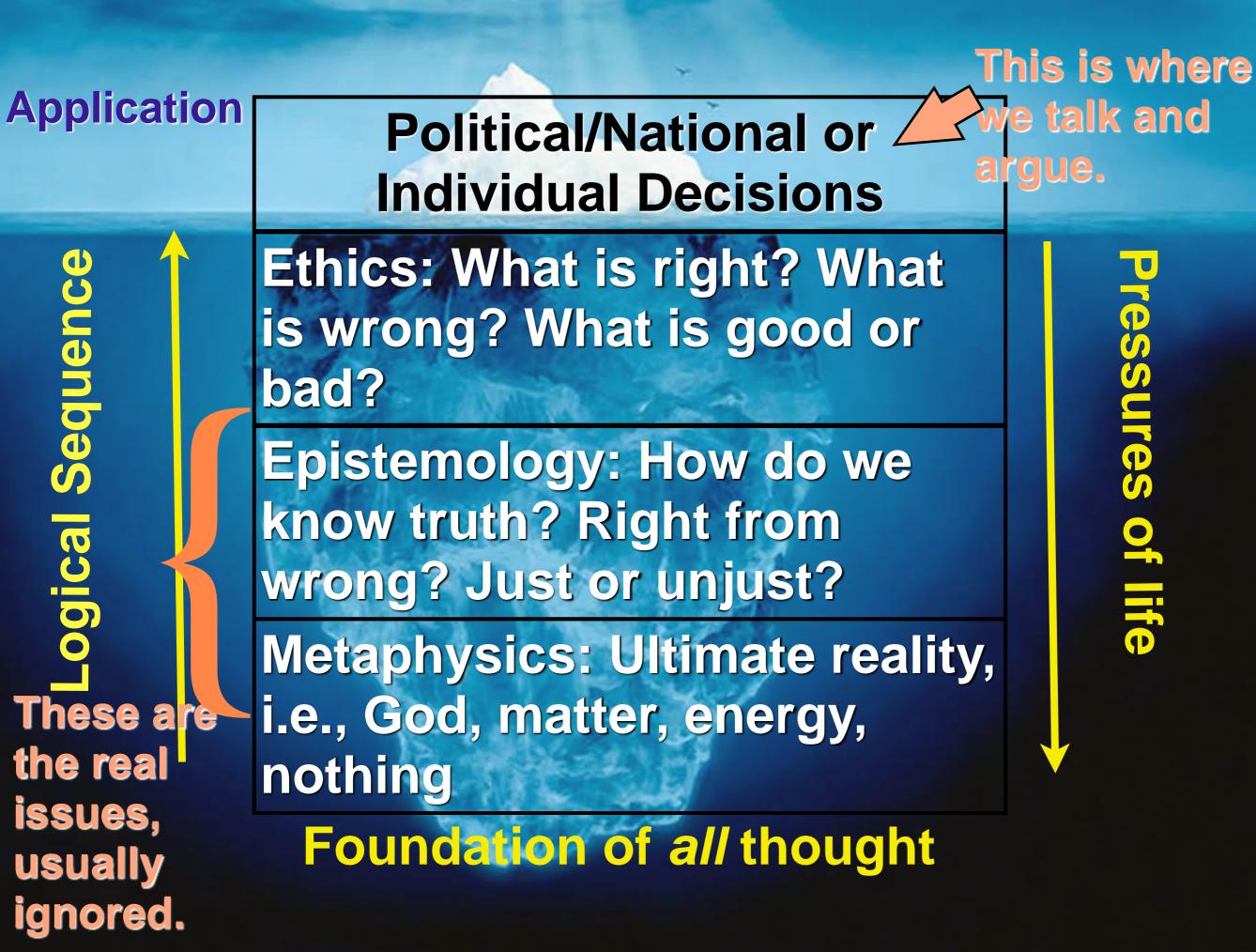
<u>1 Pet. 2:22,</u> "Who committed no sin, nor was deceit found in His mouth";

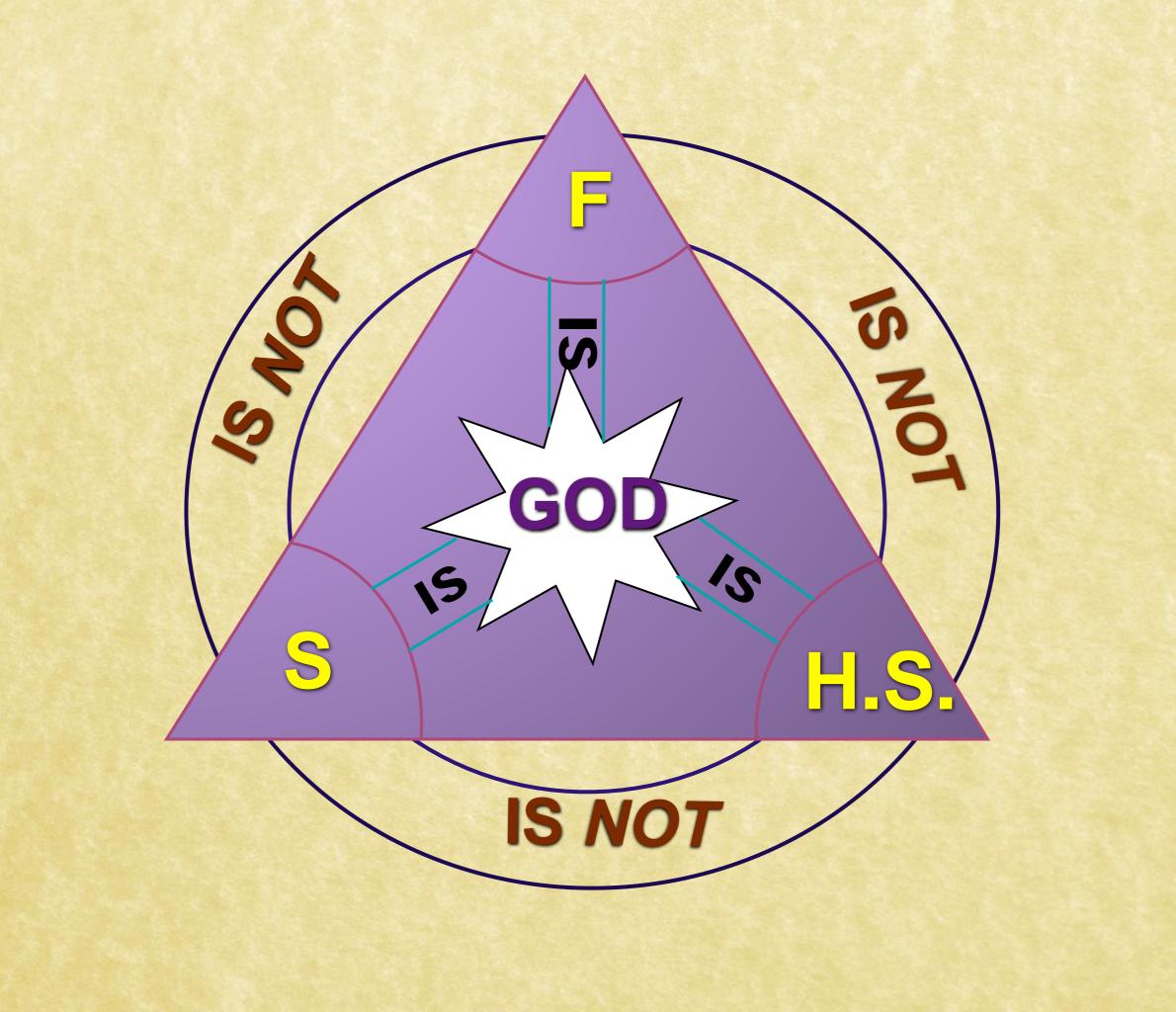
Isa. 53:9, "And they made His grave with the wicked—but with the rich at His death, because He had done no violence [wrong], nor was any deceit in His mouth."

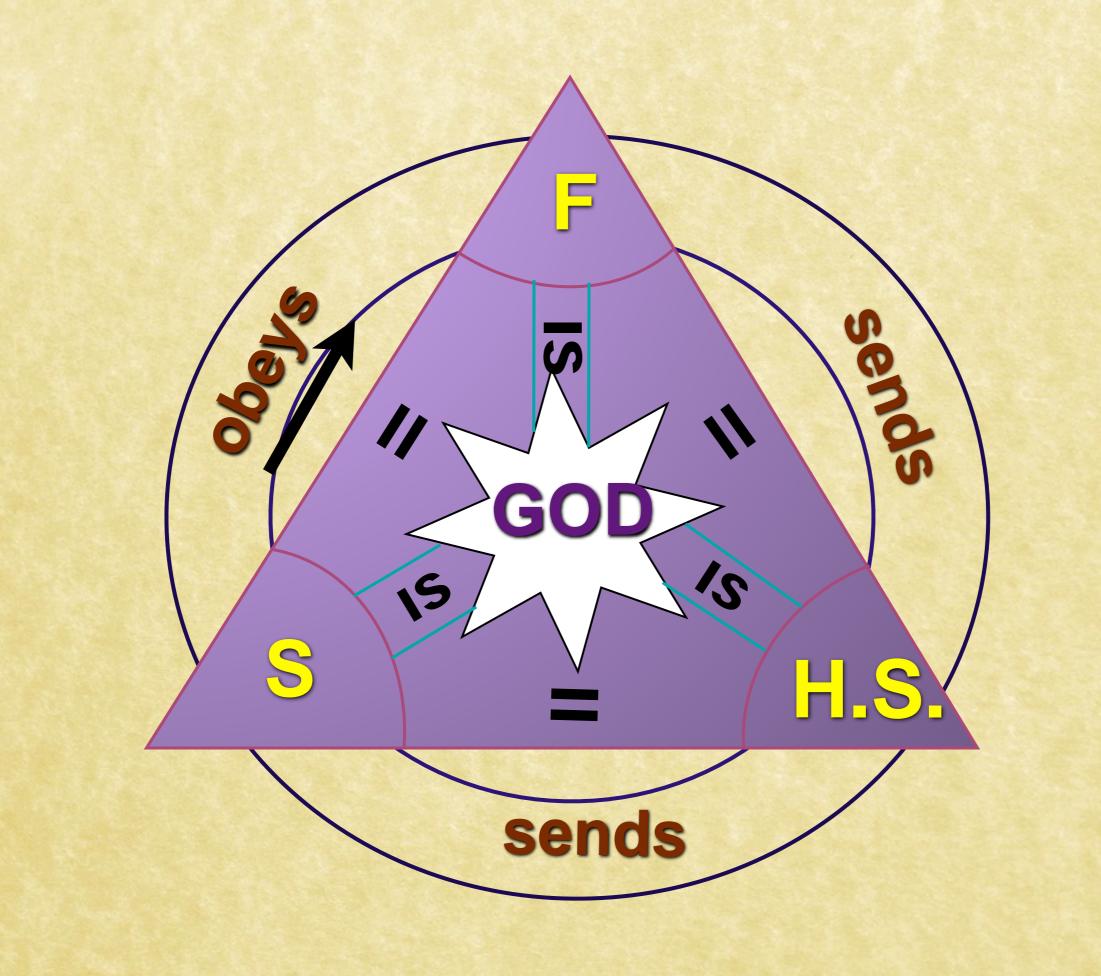
<u>1 Pet. 2:23</u>, "who, when He was reviled, did not revile in return; when He suffered, He did not threaten, but committed Himself to Him who judges righteously;

<u>1 Pet. 2:24</u>, "who Himself bore our sins in His own body on the tree, that we, having died to sins, might live for righteousness—by whose stripes you were healed.

<u>1 Pet. 2:25</u>, "For you were like sheep going astray, but have now returned to the Shepherd and Overseer of your souls." Philippians 2:8, "Being found in appearance as a man, He humbled Himself by <u>becoming</u> <u>obedient</u> to the point of death, even death on a cross."







- 1. The three Persons of the Trinity are equal in their being, essence, and deity. Neither is superior in their essence to the other.
- 2. This is called ontological or metaphysical equality.
- 3. Yet each has distinct roles. The Father is the planner, the Son carries out the plan, and the Spirit reveals the plan. Economic distinctions.
- 4. Biblical submission reflects the divine nature of God Himself.

Gen. 1:27, "So God created man in His own image; in the image of God He created him; male and female He created them."

Men and women are equal in their being, essence, personhood, humanity.

<u>Gen. 2:18,</u> "And the LORD God said, 'It is not good that man should be alone; I will make him a <u>helper</u> comparable to him.' "

1־עָזֶר *€etzer*-1 helper, assistant <u>Gen. 2:18,</u> "And the LORD God said, 'It is not good that man should be alone; I will make him a <u>helper</u> comparable to him.' "

1־עָזֶר *€etzer*-1 helper, assistant,

<u>Deut. 33:29</u>, "Happy are you, O Israel! Who is like you, a people saved by the LORD, the shield of your <u>help</u> and the sword of your majesty! Your enemies shall submit to you, and you shall tread down their high places." <u>1 Sam. 7:12,</u> "Then Samuel took a stone and set it up between Mizpah and Shen, and called its name <u>Ebenezer</u>, saying, 'Thus far the LORD has <u>helped</u> us.'" Psa. 70:5, "But I am poor and needy; Make haste to me, O God! You are my help and my deliverer; O LORD, do not delay."

Psa. 121:2, "My help comes from the LORD, Who made heaven and earth."

Psa. 124:8, "Our help is in the name of the LORD, Who made heaven and earth."

<u>Psa. 146:5</u>, "Happy is he who has the God of Jacob for his <u>help</u>, whose hope is in the LORD his God,"

- 1. All human beings (slaves, wives, children) are equal in their being and essence, being in the image of God. Neither is superior in their essence to another.
- 2. This is called *ontological* or *metaphysical* equality—equality of essence or being.
- 3. Yet each has distinct roles. The Father is the planner, the Son carries out the plan, and the Spirit reveals the plan. Economic distinctions.
- 4. Biblical submission differs from pagan submission in that paganism has different orders of humans.

Phil. 2:5, "Let this mind be in you which was also in Christ Jesus,

Phil. 2:6, "who, being in the form of God, did not consider it robbery to be equal with God,

<u>Phil. 2:7,</u> "but made Himself of no reputation, taking the form of a bondservant [*doulos*slave], and coming in the likeness of men.

Phil. 2:8, "And being found in appearance as a man, He humbled Himself and became obedient to the point of death, even the death of the cross."